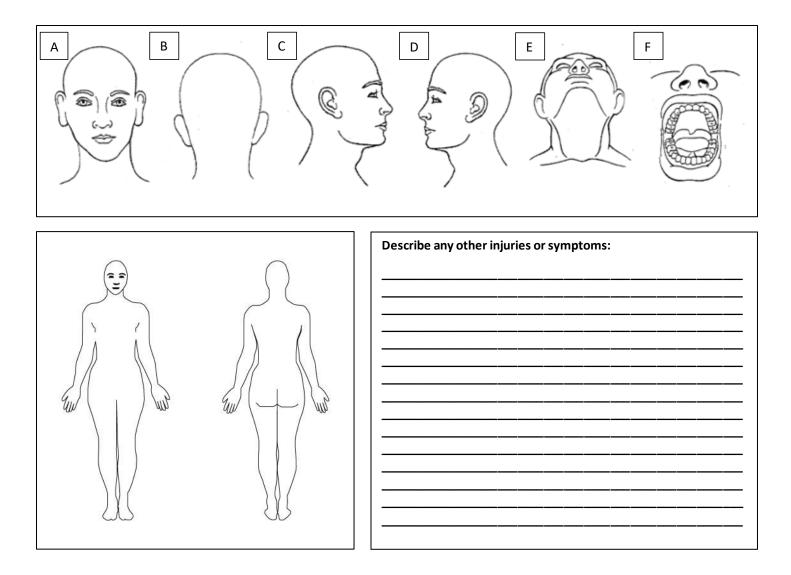
CLACKAMAS COUNTY COUNTYWIDE STRANGULATION DOCUMENTATION FORM

VICTIM NAME (Last, First, Mid	DATE			F BIRTH	М	мП		Case#:							
										Agency:					
SUSPECT NAME (Last, First, Middle)					DATE O	DATE OF BIRTH]	F 🗆	Date of Assault:				
											Today's Date:				
				S	TRANGULATION E	VENT (QUESTIC	ONS							
What did suspect use to str	-				-			Knee/Fo	oot	□ Pres	sure on Chest				
Other Object(s): Describe manner/method in detail in report narrative															
 Did you lose consciousness during/after the strangulation? Yes No Not Sure Describe: Estimate how long strangulation lasted: Minute(s) Second(s) Multiple times: Yes # No 															
 Describe the suspect's emotional demeanor/facial expression while strangling you															
 What else did the suspect of 	 What else did the suspect do/say while strangling you?														
 Were you able to speak during the strangulation: Yes No If yes, what did you say?															
 Did you do anything to attempt to physically stop the strangulation? Yes No Describe:															
What made the suspect stop?															
 What made the suspect stop? What did you think was going to happen during the strangulation? 															
 Has suspect strangled you detection 	on otl	her o	ccasions	;? □]Yes □No Ifyes,#	of occa	sions:	Wh	en:				·		
				S	YMPTOMS EXPERI	ENCED	BY VIC	TIM		1		ľ			
SYMPTOM					SYMPTOM					SN Hoarse	(MPTOM		AFTER		
Vision changes – Tunnel Vision changes – Spots										Loss of					
Hearing loss/Changes			Vomit/Dry Heaving								erVoice				
Loss of Consciousness										-	ain/Tender				
Unable to Breathe			□ Headache								e Swallowing				
Difficulty Breathing				Feel Faint						Pain Sv	vallowing				
Pain While Breathing					Disorientation					Sore Th					
Rapid Breathing					Memory Loss					Urinate					
Shallow Breathing Coughing					Painful to Speak Raspy Voice					Defeca Other:	te				
Cougning					OFFICER OBSER					Other:					
FACE					EYES			NOSE				MOUTH			
□ Skin Red/Flushed		□ Red Eye □ Left □ Right				□ Redness					□ Swollen Lips				
□ Red Spots (e.g. petechiae)		🗆 Red Spots in Eye 🗆 Left 🗖 Right				Red Spots (e.g. petechiae)					Swollen Tongue				
☐ Scratches or Abrasions ☐ Swelling			□ Red Spots on Eyelid □ Left □ Right				atches or A	brasions		Bruise(s) Scratches or Abrasions					
□ Sweiring □ Red Spots Behind Ear(s)		□ Blood in Eyeball				□ Swe	•				□ Red Spots in Palate or Gums, etc.				
□ Bruising Behind Ear(s)			Eyelid(s) drooping				ken nose				□ Other:				
Other:		ПC	ther:			Other:									
EARS		UNDER CHIN				NECK					SHOULDERS				
□ Red Spots (e.g. petechiae)			Scratches or Abrasions				l Spots (e.g	g. petechi	ae)		□ Scratches or Abrasions				
Bleeding			aceratior			□ Scratches or Abrasions					□ Lacerations				
Bruising or Discoloration Swelling			Bruising or Discoloration Bruises				ises elling				□ Bruising or [□ Bruises	Discoloration	1		
□ Red Spots Behind Ear(s)			Linear Marks (e.g. fingernail marks)				ature Mark	ks (e.g. fin	gern	ail	□ Other:				
□ Bruising Behind Ear(s) □ Other:			□ Other:) ner:		5						
HANDS, FINGERS, ARMS					HEAD	CHEST									
Redness Redising		Lumps/Bumps Lacerations				Redness Scratches or Abrasians									
□ Bruising □ Swelling			aceratior cratches		brasions	Scratches or Abrasions Lacerations									
Scratches or Abrasions			Hair Missing				ises								
Broken Fingernails			□ Red Spots on Scalp (e.g. petechiae) □ Other:				ature Marl	ks (e.g. fin	gern	ail					
□ Other:		thory			marks) D Other:										

*** PLEASE TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS *** Diagram all injuries on the Victim



OFFICER CHECKLIST

- □ If strangled/suffocated with an object(s), photograph object(s) and collect for evidence.
- Document where the object(s) was/were found in the Offense Report.
- Determine if jewelry worn by either party (ring(s), necklace(s), watch(es), etc.); Photograph /look for patterns and photograph.
- □ If defecation or urination in clothes, collect as evidence.
- □ If Victim vomited, take a photo of the vomit.
- Describe the incident and signs/symptoms in detail in report narrative.

In working with the victim, reiterate the following points:

- 1. After you have been strangled, the chance of being murdered by the same abuser increased 750%.
- 2. Only 50% of strangulation victims have visible injuries injuries that can cause serious risk of death are internal and can only be identified by a medical professional.
- 3. Death from strangulation can occur hours, days, or weeks after the assault
- 4. The reduction of blood supply to the brain can result in damage to your brain that can be permanent.